Plan Of Learning For The Year (Unit/Topic/Project Context)

Half Term 1

Introduction to sociological theory and concepts
Education – role and functions; sociological theories of
Families and Households – Family Types; Childhood
Research Methods

Half Term 2

Education – sociological theories of; Educational Policy; School Processes Families and Households – sociological theories of Research Methods

Half Term 3

Education – Educational achievement by class, gender Families and Households – Couples, family patterns, diversity Research Methods

Half Term 4

Education - Ethnicity and educational achievement Skills – application and in context questions Families and Households – demography Research Methods,

Half Term 5

Families and Households – family policy Examination preparation

Research Project

Half Term 6

Mock exam Research Project

Feedback, Retrieval & Assessment	Super curriculum opportunities / extra-curricular activities	Cultural Capital, SMSC, Careers and Futures
 In class recap quizzes and questions Weekly homework and independent work activities Termly teacher assessment Termly formal assessment Self and peer assessment Student/teacher one-to-one discussions 	 List to the BBC Podcast 'Thinking Allowed' Use Tutor2U to access topic presentations Complete Seneca assignments and assessments available for all aspects of the curriculum Read the free student magazine – Sociology updates Read articles from Sociology Review Read Sociology 'In the News articles' (Tutor2U) Exam workshops and Student conferences Participation in The Festival of Social Science activities 	 Examination of cross cultural research Consideration of ethical issues and how to deal with them in social research Develop understanding of issues such as power, inequality, and marginalisation. Understand the impact of globalisation at a local, national, and international level. Knowledge of relevant careers developed throughout the course Understanding the role of individuals in a team

Common misconceptions	Connecting New Knowledge	Challenge for all
Some terms such as social class and sect can have different meanings in sociology.	 Links made to prior learning, concepts and theories when starting new topics. Revisiting assessment objectives through each topic Identifying synoptic links to criminology / psychology 	 Regular use of modelling answers and planning of questions. Regular use of scaffolds and structured practice Individualised feedback with clearly identified next steps and strategies to improve. Extension reading and research opportunities.