

Year 8 History - The British Empire



What does the Empire look like today?



Why did the Indian people mutiny?

How did Europeans act in Africa?

How should we remember the British Empire?



Key Words

Empire – a group of countries owned by another country

Colony – a country owned and controlled by a different country

Slavery – forced labour

The Jewel in the Crown - India

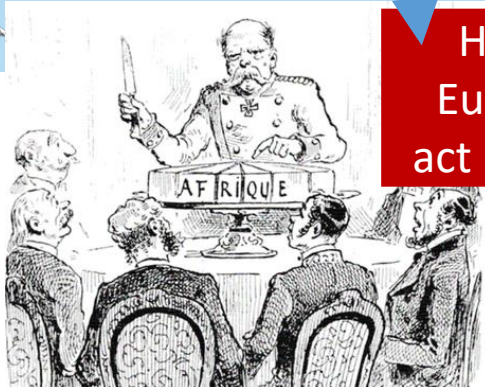
Propaganda – media produced to persuade the reader to change their opinion on something

Mutiny – rebellion or uprising

The British Raj - the name for British rule in India



Rule Britannia?



Key Words

Slave - a person who is the legal property of another and is forced to obey them

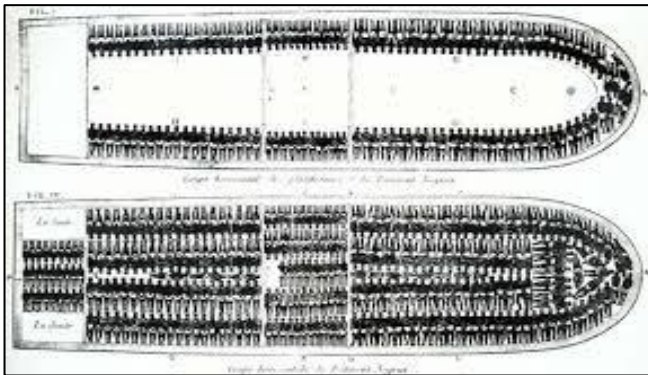
Triangular Slave Trade - The full route of the Slave Trade, forming a triangle.

Middle Passage - The route from Africa to the New World, transporting slaves, the middle part of the Triangular Slave Trade

New World - North America

Plantation - House and land used for farming

Abolition - To end/ end of



Inside a ship which transporting slaves across the Middle Passage

Slavery



Why did slavery happen?

In the 16th - 19th centuries Europeans travelled to Africa to exchange textiles, rum, pots and pans for African Slaves to be transported to the **New World**. In the New World, slaves were used to grow and pick cotton, tobacco, cocoa beans on **Plantations** for these to be taken to Europe to be sold.

This route forms a triangle so therefore is known as the **Triangular slave trade**.



Key People in the abolition of slavery in Britain

Thomas Clarkson
Equiano Olaudah
William Wilberforce
Josiah Wedgewood

The Triangular Slave Trade was abolished in the British Empire in 1833

