

## Section 2: Completing the square

### Exercise

1. Write each of the following quadratic functions in the form  $(x + b)^2 + c$ :

(i)  $x^2 + 2x - 3$

(ii)  $x^2 - 6x + 1$

(iii)  $x^2 + x + 1$

(iv)  $x^2 - 3x + 4$

2. Write each of the following quadratic functions in the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$ :

(i)  $3x^2 + 6x + 2$

(ii)  $-x^2 + 5x$

(iii)  $2x^2 + 4x + 3$

(iv)  $3x^2 + 8x - 2$

3. Work out the values of  $p$ ,  $q$  and  $r$  in the following

$$6 - 12x - 3x^2 = p - q(x + r)^2$$

4. Work out the values of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  such that

$$8 + bx - 4x^2 = c - a(x - 2)^2.$$

5. Show that  $x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x - 2)^2 + 4$ .

Hence make  $x$  the subject of the formula  $y = x^2 - 4x + 8$

6. Make  $x$  the subject of the formula  $y = 3x^2 + 8x - 3$